

The Times

XVIIth YEAR.

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THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

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THREE NIGHTS, BEGINNING TONIGHT, MONDAY, MARCH 14,
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With Dates of Events.

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See the

PLUMED GIANTS.

Patronize Home Industry.

WARLIKELOOK

Railroads Ordered to Be Prepared.

Conference of Railroad Men Held In Washington.

Government Trains Are to Have Right-of-way.

HOSTILITIES ARE EXPECTED.

The Cubans Refuse Proffered Quasi-Freedom.

Privateering Will Be Carried on Against Uncle Sam.

German Captain Saw Torpedoes Put in Havana Harbor.

GREAT ACTIVITY AT NEWPORT.

Gun-cotton and Smokeless Powder Plants Are Being Pushed to Their Full Capacity—Fort Riley Artillery Waiting for Orders.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, March 13.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] From the Navy Department comes to New York a special board to prepare a fleet of auxiliary naval vessels for commission. Southern railroads have received orders to prepare to give government trains carrying troops the right-of-way.

Spain has offered the Cubans everything but freedom from sovereignty. They will have independence or nothing.

Senator Proctor has returned to Washington, but will not now speak of his mission to Cuba.

Three hundred men will be sent today to man the Sandy Hook fortifications.

Madrid advises are that the government's plans are to carry on a war of privateering only against the United States.

Both army and navy are in excellent condition for hostilities, now expected to break out before many days.

RAILROAD MEN CONFER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The government is perfecting its plans to make the movements of troops to the coast defenses, orders for which were issued by the War Department Friday and published at that time.

A conference was held here today by representatives of the following railroads to arrange for the transportation of light artillery men and their accoutrements: The Atlantic coast lines, the Southern Railroad, the Seaboard Air Line, and the Chesapeake and Ohio. It was stated that companies of artillerymen, consisting of about sixty men each, would be transferred from Fort Monroe to the following points: Fort Caswell, on Cape Fear River, Ga., near Savannah, and to Sheridan's Point on the Potomac. It was stated also that a company will be moved from Fort Henry, Baltimore to some point on the Delaware River near Philadelphia. The government wanted, it was declared, the arrangements perfected by tomorrow or Tuesday at the latest.

No bids have been asked for regarding the transportation of heavy guns, and it was understood that the men were to be carried to the distant points simply to man the batteries. It is not known when the contemplated changes will take place.

A trip to the roundhouses of several roads did not elicit any information. Those in charge said the engines were merely fired up for emergency, and that they always kept some ready to be sent out in case of a breakdown or putting out of extra trains. It was denied that any order had been received to have any extra number of engines ready for use, though the report was current around the shops that a movement of troops was expected early in the week.

Acting under instructions believed to have been received last night, the Western and Atlantic shops had on a full force today. Engines which have not been used for a year and freight cars abandoned some time ago are to

be overhauled, and all rolling stock is being repaired.

The conference of railroad men in Washington today lent color to the report that emergency work had been ordered on several of the roads. Although it is denied that such an order has been issued, it is known that information reached Atlanta last night looking to the pushing of this work.

HAVANA'S TORPEDOES.

A German Skipper Saw the Harbor Strewn With Them.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW YORK, March 13.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A Washington special says that Capt. Gronmyer, of the German ship Castelar, saw the harbor of Havana covered with a nest of ship-destroying torpedoes ten years ago, and was ordered away. He says their work was done under the personal supervision of Spanish officials.

ACTIVITY AT NEWPORT.

Getting Out Torpedo Charges and Perfecting Bay Defenses.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEWPORT (R. I.) March 13.—There has been the greatest activity today at the torpedo station in preparing charges for torpedo outfits and also in perfecting the defenses at the entrance of Narragansett Bay. In the machine shops at the station, the lathes cutting the shells for fuses and primers were run to their full capacity, while extra hands were in the fuse room, loading and packing. The gun cotton and smokeless powder plants are also being pushed to their full capacity.

It is claimed that all this stir has no war significance and is only for the purpose of catching up with orders, but it is known that while the orders for fuses and primers were sufficiently numerous to keep the plant in operation in ordinary time for some months, this work had been so portioned out as to be completed by the time the ships now building were ready for supplies. Since the war scare, there has been a large demand for fuses from the ships fitting out, and as there is practically no reserve supply, extra work has been made compulsory and that, too, without providing for regular orders. In the magazine at Rose Island, there are several thousand pounds of Dupont cotton, purchased at the time of the burning of the factory here. This is used for fuses from the ships fitting out, and as there is practically no reserve supply, extra work has been made compulsory and that, too, without providing for regular orders. 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the work of the Naval Intelligence Office, the department keeps in close touch with the construction of all craft that could be utilized in the event of hostilities, and just now it has a record of forty such ships of all sizes and classes which will be inspected and examined if their owners desire to part with them. A number of these are vessels which have been constructed under the Subsidy Act of Congress and are engaged in carrying the mails. The vessels to be examined will include all classes, from liners like the St. Paul to ocean-going tugs which can be of great material service for a number of purposes. Tonnage, draft, speed, condition of boilers and machinery and other attributes will figure in the thorough inspection which will be undertaken by the board before any bartering or purchasing is recommended. Both the Ordnance Bureau and that engaged in the work of construction and repair, are ready to take their part in fitting out and equipping such vessels as may be acquired.

At Fort Washington factory are now in various stages of construction, no less than 150 guns of formidable character on which work is being done night and day, with a view to their early completion. No new guns are being started, but the entire force of the factory are devoted to finishing those now under way. A naval officer said there will be enough of them when finished to constitute a fair armament for probably thirty or more auxiliary cruisers, such should a large fleet be found necessary to supplement the regular warships.

The gunboat Machias, which has just arrived at Norfolk from the Asiatic station by way of the Suez Canal, has been found to be in fair shape as a result of the examination by the Navy Inspection Board. A thorough overhauling will be unnecessary in the present instance and she will be sent to Boston, where all necessary repairs can be made to her in about twelve days.

The ordering of the Helena and Bancroft now on the European station, to the United States, will leave Admiral Powell commanding that station, with but one vessel, viz.: The San Francisco. No explanation for the action is vouchsafed by the officials of the Navy Department and Secretary Long when asked today declined to say anything about the step, further than that the two ships had been ordered home.

PROCTOR AND PARKER.

Back in the Capital City—Great Success in Cuba.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, March 13.—Senator Proctor of Vermont and his companion, Col. Myron M. Parker, who have been spending some time in Cuba, returned to Washington tonight. Senator Proctor said, to an Associated Press reporter he did not desire to discuss his trip at present, and that further than to commend the good work Miss Clara Barton was doing in Cuba he had said nothing in the way of an interview.

Col. Parker said to an Associated Press reporter:

"We went to Sagua la Grande, Matanzas, Cienfuegos and Artemisa, Province of Pinar del Rio. I was with Mr. Proctor more than half the time. The stories of the amount of suffering in the island of Cuba have not been exaggerated. It is intense over every portion of the island. The reconcentrados are gathered into the villages where they can be seen in all their pitiable aspects. It is, perhaps, greater in Matanzas than anywhere. What impressed me more or less, and would doubtless impress any visitor to Cuba is the utter desolation of the island. Miss Barton is doing great work among the reconcentrados, and is to be praised for her heroic efforts in that direction. We were well treated by the Spaniards."

In answer to the question as to what, in his mind, should be done to put an end to the awful suffering, Col. Parker would not commit himself, but said significantly that he had no doubt this government would take the best course. He commanded most highly the action pursued by Consul-General Lee, who, he said, was a man fitted for his place in every respect, from what he had seen of his administration of affairs there.

The matter of his recall reached there just a little before the contradiction, and was not credited. It was denied that his return to this country was wanted," he said.

In regard to the question as to whether the impression prevailed in Havana that the Maine was destroyed by external influences, Col. Parker spoke guardedly. He said, however, that the same impression prevailed there as it did here. There was little or no war talk, and the De Lome incident was not mentioned there during his visit. He left Washington February 18.

To a Post reporter, Senator Proctor said: "Concerning the cause of the Maine disaster, I feel free to say that such information as I have obtained indicates that the explosion was from the outside. It does not show that the Spanish government or any of its officials in Havana were participants in the crime. In the first place, I do not think that there were any mines in the harbor. I have not the slightest knowledge of what the decision of the court of inquiry will be, or when it will reach Washington. Such information as I have is entirely of an unofficial character."

GREER'S AUTOMATIC GUN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.), March 13.—J. W. Greer, a mechanical engineer of this city, is now negotiating with the War Department for the purchase of an automatic machine gun for fortifications and floating batteries, which he has invented and patented. The department is now making a test with a gun constructed on the lines of Greer's patent, which will fire 200 3-inch projectiles a minute. The fastest machine gun heretofore invented throws out eleven 3-inch shots a minute. The Greer gun, when it can be constructed, will be heavier ammunition, and will fire 4-inch projectiles at the rate of 250 a minute.

EXTENDED THE TIME.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 14.—The Madrid correspondent of the Morning Post says: "I am able to assert on the best authority that United States Minister Woodford originally intimated that the United States would expect that Spain would reestablish peace in Cuba before March 1 of this year. Recently, in response to Spanish representations, the United States

yutant-general's office here and letters from commanders of companies, it is learned that the Florida State troops are now recruited up to the full legal standard, with offers of enough men to put 3000 more in the field. In a week."

LIGHT BATTERY RECALLED.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.) March 13.—Light Battery K, First Artillery, was today recalled from the target range at Kerrville, and ordered to Galveston. The order was issued by Gen. Graham, commander of the department, on instructions received from Washington today.

MEANS NO INDEMNITY.

EVEN IF THE NAVAL COURT FINDS THE EXPLOSION DESIGN.

Spain Will Have a Report From Her Own Commission Which Will Call It an Accident, and This She Will Uphold.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] MADRID, March 13.—[By Atlantic Cable.] El Imparcial says:

"The government is momentarily expecting to receive the report of the Spanish commission, which it is understood, will maintain that the Maine explosion was internal.

"Although the American commission may give another explanation, the government will energetically uphold the Spanish report."

CONTRACT FOR PROJECTILES.

Over One Million Dollars to Be Placed at Reading, Pa.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

READING (Pa.) March 13.—The promise of a contract for projectiles amounting to over \$1,000,000 to the Carpenter Steel Works kept the entire plant in unusual activity today. Work was pushed all along the line of projectiles in the main plant on the erection of three new buildings begun yesterday, and in getting the Diamond Steel Company's Works (which have been released) into running order.

Masons, carpenters, machinists, steel smelters and makers, and a score of other classes of workmen were on duty, and in two weeks the company will have an increased plant to double the present capacity, and will probably employ 750 men. More shipments will be made tomorrow, by order of government officials.

PROCTOR ON THE SOUTH.

CHARLOTTE (N. C.) March 13.—Senator Proctor passed through Charlotte today. He talked freely except on the subjects of Spain and the probability of war. He said that the most gratifying thing he met with on his travels was the splendid conduct and spirit of the southern people. He felt that it was worth the total cost of all preparations for war to demonstrate what a sterling, loyal spirit was cherished throughout the South as he had seen it. He said he had gathered some facts, but did not know just what bearing they might have on the present situation. He would have to find out the situation at home before he could even judge fairly of the knowledge he had gained on the trip.

WHERE CAPITAL CONFIDES.

European Testimony to the Justice of Uncle Sam.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 14.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Havana says:

"Events in the United States indicate that the tests laid down in President McKinley's message for solving the Cuban question are soon to be applied. Testimony to the justice of these tests is furnished from an important source. It comes from the investments of European capital. English capitalists have shown more confidence in the certainty of American intervention than have some of the American people, and they have been making extensive investments. Now it is understood, that English syndicates control most of the tobacco factories. The consolidation of the railroad system is under their guidance. Other enterprises have followed in their direction. All this has been going on during a period when the shadow of Spanish sovereignty over Cuba was cast over the island of the Spaniards."

Hundreds of men have visited the navy yard during the last week to enlist, but as there is no enrollment bureau here, valuable men have been lost to the navy. A request will be forwarded at once to the Navy Department for the establishment of such a station for the enlistment of men from Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

"No single circumstance would have justified the risk of a dollar if it had rested on autonomy bringing peace to the hope of Spain being able to guarantee the safety of its colonies, nor has there been anything to encourage the belief that peace will come to the peninsula, or that the insurgents would be able to drive the Spaniards from the island. The English investors have taken no slight chances of that kind. They have gone forward in the face of what might have proved a temporary period of anarchy or even a sixty-days' war. Their business judgment has been based on the deliberation of the international law of the United States was inevitable."

"It was their belief that Spain would be unable to meet the conditions on which the President would be supported by the facts in saying that the cause of the rebellion had been removed. In a less pronounced way, representatives of the French capitalists who have recently been here have reached the same conclusion. This has been in the face of the French holding of Spanish bonds. The German commercial interests, long ago ward with complaisance, have looked forward to the time when the United States should end the struggle."

"Doubtless the representatives of the European countries have reported the situation to their respective governments. Most of them have made a careful study of the economic and military outlook. Large enterprises welcome peace or forcible intervention in the manner of freeing them from burdens. The great companies own everybody. In the cities the gas companies collect nothing. If they press for compensation, their plants are threatened with confiscation. The railroad company received promises of future payments for the transportation of supplies. When they press for compensation, they are met with the point that the government may take the roads. Other important creditors are held in a similar way."

EXTENDED THE TIME.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 14.—The Madrid correspondent of the Morning Post says: "I am able to assert on the best authority that United States Minister Woodford originally intimated that the United States would expect that Spain would reestablish peace in Cuba before March 1 of this year. Recently, in response to Spanish representations, the United States

extended the time to May 1. Both governments refuse to describe this intimation as an ultimatum to Spain." It has been given, continues the correspondent, entirely irrespective of the Maine disaster, or of any other complication which may arise in the meantime. There was no intimation as to what action the United States would take on May 1, should as is certain to be the case, the rebellion be still unpressed."

NO SUCH ALLIANCE.

AMBASSADOR WHITE DISCUSSES THE CUBAN SITUATION.

Declares Americans Will Never Bind Themselves With England and Japan—Fear of War Must Not Be Taken Too Seriously.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 13.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Sunday special published from its Berlin correspondent an interview with United States Ambassador White on the attitude of the United States toward Spain and the Cuban situation. Ambassador White, according to this dispatch, declared the statement that the United States had entered into an alliance with England and Japan absolutely without foundation.

"The Americans," Mr. White is reported to have said, "will never bind themselves by such an alliance. President McKinley's administration cannot act against the tradition which holds all such complications in America's international relations as wrong. Least of all, will it do this for the sake of interests in the Far East."

"The fear of war with Spain must not be taken too seriously. The \$50,000,000 credit is no proof that the United States is going to war, since the government has long demanded such a credit for the purpose of harbor defenses. This, however, had been postponed, owing to the niggardly policy Congress had hitherto pursued."

He characterized "as quite untrue" the statement that the United States had filed large orders with Herr Krupp, and added: "America possesses ammunition of all kinds, and war material in the government factories sufficient for every emergency."

Lieut. Allen, the military attaché at Berlin, is reported to have said: "The American government is not yet marked the Spanish situation. Conditions of very serious and grave moment will confront this government and that of Spain. In all probability this nation will know whether the Maine tragedy must be avenged with Spanish blood, the sinking of Spanish warships and the loss of Cuba. The shadows of the coming week are deep and portentous. Despairing of success in a conflict with this country, despairing of his ability to suppress the Cuban rebellion, Spain is now preparing to resort to the art of diplomacy, of which she has oft proved herself to be a subtle mistress. Every trick known to the crafty ones will be employed to avert the calamity which now threatens them."

Third—Spain is expected to reply expressing her willingness to pay if she is responsible, but maintaining that her own investigation shows that the explosion was internal and purely accidental. She will, therefore, suggest reference to an international board of arbitration.

"Fourth—in such an event the administration would be disposed to comply with the suggestion, unless there is an émeute in Havana or an irresistible demand for war sweeps through Congress."

"Fifth—if Congress acquiesces in the suggestion, the attempt will be made to adjourn the body and leave the whole matter in the President's hands.

"Sixth—it is expected that a large majority of Congressmen will claim that such a matter of honor cannot be arbitrated. It is further expected that the leaders of both Houses, including Senator Davis of Minnesota, will favor arbitration."

POWER WORKS AT WORK.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA CRUZ, March 13.—The powder works were in full blast today making government powder. It is unusual for the entire force to be at work on Sunday. As extra men are being employed, it is presumed that orders have been received to increase the output. For the past week one of the mills has been exclusively devoted to the manufacture of government and brown powder.

SPAIN'S SECOND SQUADRON.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, March 14.—A special dispatch from Madrid says that when the Spanish torpedo squadron has left Cadiz, another will be prepared.

IOWA AND DUPONT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

KICK WEST (Fla.) March 13.—The battleship Iowa arrived from the Tortugas this morning and anchored off here. The torpedo-boat Dupont sailed this morning with mail and dispatches for the fleet at Tortugas. She will relieve the torpedo-boat Porter, now at the Tortugas.

WHAT the Battleship Maine Was Not BLOWN UP BY.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

PORTSMOUTH (N. H.) March 13.—Lieutenant Commander McLean was interviewed at the torpedo station in regard to the report that the Maine had been blown up by a Newport torpedo. The commander is authority for the statement that there is no such thing as a "Newport torpedo."

WORK ON BIG GUNS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

BETHLEHEM (Pa.) March 13.—The Bethlehem Iron Company has received orders to push all government work as far unfinished on hand, and on the 10 and 12-inch guns and carriages and the force of skilled mechanics in all departments is working night and day.

SUBMARINE MINES.

Large Force of Men at Work at Portsmouth Harbor.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, March 14.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Havana says:

"Events in the United States indicate that the tests laid down in President McKinley's message for solving the Cuban question are soon to be applied. Testimony to the justice of these tests is furnished from an important source. It comes from the investments of European capital. English capitalists have shown more confidence in the certainty of American intervention than have some of the American people, and they have been making extensive investments. Now it is understood, that English syndicates control most of the tobacco factories. The consolidation of the railroad system is under their guidance. Other enterprises have followed in their direction. All this has been going on during a period when the shadow of Spanish sovereignty over Cuba was cast over the island of the Spaniards."

Hundreds of men have visited the navy yard during the last week to enlist, but as there is no enrollment bureau here, valuable men have been lost to the navy. A request will be forwarded at once to the Navy Department for the establishment of such a station for the enlistment of men from Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont.

"No single circumstance would have justified the risk of a dollar if it had rested on autonomy bringing peace to the hope of Spain being able to guarantee the safety of its colonies, nor has there been anything to encourage the belief that peace will come to the peninsula, or that the insurgents would be able to drive the Spaniards from the island. The English investors have taken no slight chances of that kind. They have gone forward in the face of what might have proved a temporary period of anarchy or even a sixty-days' war. Their business judgment has been based on the delusion that the international law of the United States was inevitable."

"It was their belief that Spain would be unable to meet the conditions on which the President would be supported by the facts in saying that the cause of the rebellion had been removed. This has been in the face of the French holding of Spanish bonds. The German commercial interests, long ago ward with complaisance, have looked forward to the time when the United States should end the struggle."

"Doubtless the representatives of the European countries have reported the situation to their respective governments. Most of them have made a careful study of the economic and military outlook. Large enterprises welcome peace or forcible intervention in the manner of freeing them from burdens. The great companies own everybody. In the cities the gas companies collect nothing. If they press for compensation, their plants are threatened with confiscation. The railroad company received promises of future payments for the transportation of supplies. When they press for compensation, they are met with the point that the government may take the roads. Other important creditors are held in a similar way."

IT HAS NOT LEFT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, March 13.—The torpedo squadron has not yet left Cadiz.

OKLAHOMA TROOPS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CLEVELAND (O.) March 13.—Warner & Swasey of this city are filling a large order for the government for telescopes to be used on their ships for sighting purposes. There are also at work a new range-finder, which will be ready for shipment to Fort Monroe, where it will be tested, within a few days. The inventor of this device has been here several weeks superintending the construction. The Ossie Steel Company of this city is also filling a government order for deck plates for cruisers.

"It was their belief that Spain would be unable to meet the conditions on which the President would be supported by the facts in saying that the cause of the rebellion had been removed. This has been in the face of the French holding of Spanish bonds. The German commercial interests, long ago ward with complaisance, have looked forward to the time when the United States should end the struggle."

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[COAST RECORD.]

DOLE AT HONOLULU.**HAWAII'S PRESIDENT TALKS OF HIS TRAVELS.**

All Along the Line to and From Washington Thronghs of People Came to See Him.

ANNEXATION IS PARAMOUNT.**PLACES RELIANCE IN CONGRESS MEN FIGHTING FOR IT.**

Louis Cassalls Acquitted of Murder. Coney Island Jockey Club Stakes—Arizona Press Resolutions—Asiatic News.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.) SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—By the steamer China, which arrived to day, the Hawaiian correspondent of the Associated Press sends the following:

"HONOLULU, March 6.—President Dole returned to Honolulu on the morning of the 4th. After a Cabinet meeting, held immediately upon his arrival, he was interviewed by an Associated Press reporter. He spoke very frankly on matters pertaining to his mission to Washington.

"Yes, I shall be very glad, indeed, to tell the people anything I may know relative to annexation," said the President. "The Maine disaster absorbed the attention of the statement in Washington previous to my departure for Hawaii. When that has quieted down, I believe Hawaiian annexation will be paramount in Congress. When I was in Washington, I met many friends of Hawaii. They feel confident that annexation will come. While there was a doubt whether the treaty would secure the required sixty votes in the Senate, still it was the consensus of opinion that a joint resolution would carry in both houses. I place much reliance in what was told me by Senators and Congressmen, who are fighting for Hawaii; for I know them to be working faithfully and earnestly."

"What did Speaker Reed's attitude?" "Well, I will reply that it is extremely favorable. I will tell him to be an unassuming, frank and sterling man. He seems to have his heart and soul in the annexation treaty."

"Our reception was extremely cordial and hospitable. All along the line to and from Washington throngs of people came to see me. We shook hands, and in many instances I was asked if I had seen Uncle Sam on the platform. It was from these people that I gathered the impression that Uncle Sam's adoption of Hawaii was the popular sentiment throughout the land."

NATIVES WANT ANNEXATION.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Among the passengers who reached here today on the Pacific Mail steamer China from Honolulu was Benjamin Cluff, president of the Brigham Young Academy at Provo, Utah. Cluff, who was born in the Hawaiian Islands, and who speaks the language like a native, was commissioned by Senator Frank Cannon to ascertain the real sentiments of the kanakas in regard to annexation to the United States, so that the Senator would have some ammunition to offset the charges made by Senator Pettigrew and Congressman Cannon that the natives opposed annexation.

Cluff held meetings on the three main islands, and addressed many large audiences of natives. He asserted that fully one-half of the intelligent natives are in favor of annexation, while the remainder believe in the restoration of the monarchy. The latter, however, prefer union with this country, should it be found impossible to restore the Queen. Cluff says the story sent out from the islands that at one of his meetings the natives expressed a preference for an English protectorate is absurd.

One of the interesting things that Cluff has is a petition to Congress signed by fifty natives of Hilo praying it to grant annexation. This is significant, as Senators Pettigrew and Cannon declared they could not find a native in the whole town of Hilo who favored annexation. Cluff has a mass of statistics, which will be of interest to Congressmen anxious to secure facts in regard to native opinion of annexation.

BESSIE AFONG'S ROMANCE.

Loved a Married Man Who Could Not Get a Divorce.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.) SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) A romance of love blocked by the maiden's brother comes from Honolulu. Papers from the Paradise of the Pacific contained recently a four-line item stating that the application of R. B. Burns for a divorce from Hattie E. Burns had been denied for lack of jurisdiction. It seems that Burns, who is a Californian, had married a San José girl, but had found her un congenial. She went to Yokohama on a vacation, while he sailed for Honolulu. He had letters to prominent people, and at a reception, the night he landed, he met Miss Bessie Afong, one of the ten daughters of a millionaire Chinese, who married a Hawaiian wife. One of the Afong girls married Captain, now Admiral, Whit ing of the United States navy, but Bessie is regarded as the prettiest of the family.

Burns fell in love with her, and she was smitten with him. They soon arranged to be married, provided Burns could get a divorce from his wife. This he set about doing, and learned that his wife would offer no objection if she could secure the custody of her child. But one of Miss Bessie's brothers-in-law, who is a lawyer, did not fancy Burns. He thought the Californian was after the girl's dowry, which is \$20,000, so he secured possession of Mrs. Burns' letter, and when the divorce case came up he knocked Burns out by showing collusion.

MAUI RAILROAD TROUBLE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.) SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—The following advices were received here today per the steamer China:

"HONOLULU, March 6.—The na-

tives on the Island of Maui are in a state of considerable excitement, caused by the rivalry between the Kahului Railroad Company and the new railway line constructed in the interests of the Spreckelsville plantation. The employers of the interior, it is alleged, tore up the track of the Kahului line, and destroyed it. The work was performed on the night of the 1st inst., by about three hundred men who, it is said, were working under the direction of the plantation management. It is believed the government will act in the matter, as the rails of the newly-built track cross the government-owned plantation having been obtained for the work. It is understood that the object of the new line is to obtain a seaport terminus, where the output of the Spreckelsville plantation can be landed to connect with the new steamer line running in its interest. Hitherto the Kahului line has been shipped over to the seaport. The plantation railroad will now run clear to the sea, where a steel wharf, built in Scotland, which is now en route here, will be placed in position in the harbor of Kahului.

Capt. James A. King, Minister of the Interior, left on the Mariposa for a trip to the Australian colonies to batten his health.

(Some fears were entertained for the safety of the barkentine Amelia, but she arrived on March 4, twenty-eight days from Seattle, after an unusually rough trip. The U.S.S. Bennington has gone in search of the dangerous derelict reported to be afloat by Capt. Calhoun of the Archer.)

NEWS FROM ASIA.**Financial and Industrial Developments—Females on a Strike.**

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.) SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—About 5 o'clock this evening Andrew Schuler, a financial and mining broker, fatally shot his wife and committed suicide at his office, No. 420 California street. It is believed that the tragedy was caused by a dispute over business affairs.

Schuler, who is 70 years old, had been separated from his wife, a well-educated woman of 40, for nearly two years. She had been married before her former husband became Eugene Owles, who died in 1882, leaving her a valuable estate.

She frequently accused Schuler of having diverted the greater portion of this property to his own use, and she stated this evening that he had refused to give her office a week to obtain some money that he had promised her. What passed between them in the office is not known.

Suddenly two shots fired in rapid succession, heard at J. G. Bunner, a well-known civil engineer, occupying an adjoining office, rushed into the hallway just in time to see Schuler, pistol in hand, pursuing his fleeing wife. She fell to the floor, and as she lay prostrate the enraged husband fired three more shots at his empty-handed revolver. He then attempted to beat her over the head with the butt of the pistol, but was prevented from striking his victim by Bunner, who had promptly interfered, and who narrowly escaped being struck by one of the flying bullets.

Schuler, who was excited to the point of frenzy, exclaimed that he was tired of being hounded by the woman, to whom he applied the most vulgar epithets. He then returned to his office, while Bunner assisted the wounded woman to the street door. It was locked, and Bunner succeeded in getting in that Mrs. Schuler had the keys of the building in her pocket. How she obtained them is a mystery. The woman was at once taken to the branch receiving hospital, while Bunner and a policeman followed to take care of her.

As soon as they knocked at the door a shot was heard, and on entering his dead body was found on the floor, the shot he had fired with suicidal intent having done its work instantly.

An examination made at the hospital showed that Mrs. Schuler had been struck by three bullets, one passing through the lungs from the back and one passing through the breast and lodging near the spinal cord. She cannot recover.

THAT ANTI-ANNEXATION PETITION TO CONGRESS.

honor, dignity and rights of our republic, both at home and abroad."

The meeting also adopted a resolution urging Congress to make an appropriation for the construction of the Seville reservoir to provide water for the extensive ranches of the Islands of Maui, Oahu, and Papago, Indians thus enabling them to become self-sustaining and progress to a higher state of civilization.

A. T. Bird of Oasis was elected president and Charles W. Pugh secretary of the association.

SHOT WIFE AND SELF.

Andrew Schuler's Family Troubles End With Bloodshed.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—About

March 13.—The statement was published the other day that there were 200 cases of typhoid fever in this city. Health Officer Dr. Nichols said tonight that but two cases were reported in February, and there were one death. He says there are not a dozen cases altogether.

Rains in San Diego County.

SAN DIEGO, March 13.—It was windy and cloudy here today, but no rain fell in the city. In the country, however, there was considerable rain. At Alpine, very heavy showers are reported. At Morena the precipitation was .26 of an inch. The late rains have done an immense amount of good to crops.

GRANT CLUB FORMED.

SAN DIEGO, March 13.—At a largely-attended meeting of Republicans last evening, a Grant club formed, and 160 voters signed the roll. Simon Levi was chosen president and M. L. Ward secretary. The purpose is to promote the candidacy of U. S. Grant for the United States Senate.

A ROARING FARCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

NEW YORK, March 13.—At a lively game of baseball today the Beachcombers defeated the Olympic Cyclers by a score of 13 to 2.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

(Night Dispatches Condensed.)

J. S. Schreider of New Orleans, the Southern Pacific Railroad official who has been dangerously ill, is out of danger.

A California telegram says that a Dervish force advanced with ten miles south of the River Athara, which enters the Nile at Ed Damer.

Lieut. Davis Lowry, U.S.A., died yesterday in New York City, having suffered a week's illness. He was born in 1852, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1868.

Big demonstrations were held yesterday in Dublin, at Limerick and elsewhere, in connection with the 178th anniversary and the celebration of the birth of Emmet. There were no disorders.

A telegram from Helsinki, Finland, says that Reaschae Topine, a Swedish poet, historian and litterateur, is dead. He was of Finnish origin, and was born at Kuddus, January 4, 1818.

A Parisian cabriolet, driven by a coachman, was shot at in the street. The driver was severely wounded.

The officers in command of the Sixth Cavalry are Capt. B. H. Selburt, First Lieutenant, Gallagher, Second Lieutenants Nissen and Short. There are sixty-four men in the company, and the special train upon which they arrived, was made up of passenger coaches and eight cars, containing the horses.

The Sixth Cavalry and Fifth United States Artillery and the Light Battery D will be quartered in the garden.

UNION COURSES.

(Curtis and Sons Capture the First Three Prizes.)

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—At the Union Courses Park today, Curtis & Sons captured practically the first three prizes, and took \$350 of the \$640 total.

Rosette, Cavalier and Charlot were the money-winners. The first round was run off yesterday. The results were:

Second round—Coralle beat Chit Chat, Rosette beat Santa Alicia, Commander beat Douglas, Crow Dog beat Madeline.

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An examination made at the hospital showed that Mrs. Schuler had been struck by three bullets, one passing through the lungs from the back and one passing through the breast and lodging near the spinal cord. She cannot recover.

AN ALASKA EXCURSION.

(The Ning Chow Has Some British Notables on Board.)

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

VANCOUVER (B.C.) March 13.—The steamer Ning Chow sailed today for Alaska with 600 passengers and 100 tons of freight.

In spite of the continued complaints of tightness of money and the high rates of interest, the import market shows a healthy tone than for many months, so far as cottons are concerned.

The movement in gray shirtings and yarns has been active. Prices for cotton and Russian cottons have dropped to the lowest summer quotation, and there is little business, even at these low quotations. Sales of brown sugar have been large.

Exports, silk is the only staple in which any large business has been done. The export of raw silk from Honolulu, from July 1 to January 31 amounted to 45,112 bales, of which two-thirds went to Europe and one-third to America.

The city tax in Tokio has been increased to provide funds for the repair of the roads, which are generally in a wretched condition.

Owing to unexpected and continuous demands from Hongkong and Shanghai, for coal for naval requirements, the price of Japanese coal has risen enormously in price.

Since the adoption of gold monometalism in Japan, October 1, 1877, up to and including February 17, 1898, the amount of silver and notes exchanged for gold has aggregated \$22,000,000, of which one-seventh was silver.

In order to facilitate the adjustment of coinage, the government has resolved to shorten the period for exchanging the yen price, which will be limited to June 30, next.

On the second day of the combination between the United Steamship companies running from Japan to European ports, a rate war has been started, and freights have already been reduced from \$2 shillings to 28 shillings.

The British battleship Victorious, which recently left England for the China station, ran aground at Suez, February 13, and to get off had to discharge her coal and her guns.

A disastrous attempt at tralo-wrecking was made, and Yokohama stations and the railroads and the injury of five passengers.

It was found that the rails had been tampered with, and the entire train was wrecked. None of the injured were fatally hurt.

By fire in Hakodate, February 13, 300 houses were destroyed.

Over eleven hundred deaths from plague occurred in Bohemia during the week ending February 10.

It is reported that China has granted Great Britain the right to carry the Burmese railway into Yunnan.

China has agreed to pay an indemnity for the kidnaping of a Frenchman in Tonking by a Chinese brigand.

The Ngata prefectural assembly demands at a cost of 14,000,000 yen, to procure which a foreign loan is proposed.

A glass manufacturing company has begun operations in Yokohama.

The steamer Sydney carried from Keelung for London 1,000,000 yen in gold, leaving February 4.

The marriage of Prince Komatsu Yorihito to the Lady Kaneko took place in Tokyo February 9.

Snow fell in Hakodate February 10, intensely, the weather prevailing.

Owing to a change in their pay day, contrary to their wishes, 500 Japanese female operatives are on strike in Tokio.

The Japanese Railway Company is preparing to run sleepers on its lines.

COMBINED WISDOM OF THE ARIZONA PRESS IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

TUCSON (Ariz.) March 13.—The Arizona Press Association, in session, unanimously adopted the following, offered by L. C. Hughes:

"That, in view of all the facts, the press of Arizona believes the time has come for our government to recognize the belligerency of Cuba. We commend the prudence and wisdom of the national administration in the course being pursued with reference to the terrible calamity in the destruction of the cruiser Maine and her gallant crew; and that the press of Arizona will loyally sustain President McKinley in any measure he may adopt to maintain the

peace and quiet of the country.

The record from Tacoma, Wash., says:

"An earthquake has destroyed the town of Amboina, capital of Amboina Island, one of the Malacca group.

Many houses were swallowed up before the occupants could get out. Hundreds of natives were killed and 200 injured."

Above at Half Moon Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—The

press bicycle race at Belmont between the Cyclists for Alameda and Encino and Encino clubs of Oakland was won by the Reliance men. The distance was five miles, and the best time 13m. 20s. A strong wind was blowing.

DESTROYED BY EARTHQUAKE.

(Amboina in the Malacca Swallowed Up With Many Natives.)

CHICAGO, March 13.—A special to the Record from Tacoma, Wash., says:

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Many houses were swallowed up before the occupants could get out. Hundreds of natives were killed and 200 injured."

Above at Half Moon Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—News

was received at the Merchants' Exchange late tonight that a three-masted schooner had gone ashore at Half Moon Bay about 10 o'clock. The name of the vessel could not be learned, but she is believed to have been north-bound.

Another report says that the craft was

THE TIMES.

Weekly Circulation Statement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation for the Times-Mirror Company, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily average circulation of the Times for each day of the week ended March 12, 1898, were as follows:

Tuesday, March 6..... \$1,200.

Monday, "..... 2,200.

Tuesday, "..... 2,200.

Wednesday, "..... 2,200.

Thursday, "..... 2,200.

Friday, "..... 2,200.

Saturday, "..... 2,200.

Total for the week..... 16,000.

Daily average for the week..... 2,200.

[Signed] HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 12th day of March, 1898.

THOMAS L. CHAPIN,

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.

The above aggregate, viz., 16,000 copies, issued by us during the seven days of the week, is the average circulation of the paper, a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 2,200 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time, and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

Liners**SPECIAL NOTICES**

GOOD LAUNDRY WORK—IN STARCHING shirts, blouses, etc. The work is good and thorough. That may seem a simple thing, but if you've ever had a shirt starched so stiff that it will almost stand upright, you know just how we stand alone. We think you'd like our way best. Send for the wagon. TELEPHONE MAIN 367.

PRIVATE LYING-IN RETREAT, WEST OF CITY, to care for large, sick women ladies care for during confinement good medical reference. Call or address room 32 BRADBURY BLK.

L. A. STEAM CARPET-CLEANING CO. will clean and lay all kinds of carpets at 40¢ per yard, all work done. 221 E. SECOND ST. Tel. main 14-15.

RING UP MAIN 215 IF YOU WANT YOUR CARPETS CLEANED AND Laid same day. OLD TOWER WORKS office 642 S. Broadway. John Morris.

THE GREAT HORSE SILKWORM WILL stand this season from March 1 to July 1 at Agricultural Park; terms \$40 the season. J. WILLIAM, manager.

GENUINE MOCHA AND JAVA, ETC. FRESH PASTRIES, ETC. 221 E. MAIN ST. Tel. 400. CO. 120 W. Fifth st. bet. Main and Fifth.

BOSTON DYE WORKS—WE MAKE A SPECIALTY in dry-cleaning, gentelman's clothes &c. NEW HIGH, near Temple.

JAMES S. MACKENZIE, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT and notary public. 325 FIFTH ST. Check. Cit. references.

SHOES REPAIRED—MEN'S SOLES, Etc. ladies' shoes, etc. 45 S. Spring.

CHINESE AND JAPANESE HELP FURNISHED GEO. LEM. 264 E. Main St. Tel. 400.

BILLIARD POOL TABLES AND SUPPLIES. Brunswick-Balke Collender Co., 120 E. 4th.

KID GLOVES CLEANED AT PER FAIR BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE.

WALLPAPER FOR 12-FT. ROOM. E. BORER included. WALTER G. & Son.

WANTED—Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency, all kinds of help, promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

200-202 W. Second st., basement. California Bank Building. Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

WANTED—MAGIC LANTERN AND STEREOPHONIC lecturers and exhibitors to know that the Optograph Moving Picture Machine is the best on the market, and can be attached to any magic lantern or stereophonic; the greatest entertainment feature ever introduced; price of machine only \$35. Films for animated pictures \$3 each and up. For further information address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TO THE PUBLIC—HAVING ON hand desirable help of all kinds, we respectfully solicit your patronage. LOS ANGELES EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 224 S. Main st. Tel. 400.

WANTED—STORE DELIVERYMAN, Porter; grocer; dry goods salesman; nickel-plater; painter; maid and wife; mechanical; all unsold situations. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN LOOKING FOR light office work, with \$150 capital, can secure same by addressing; full investigation, Box 89, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN through the art of barbering in 2 months. LOS ANGELES BARBER COLLEGE, 326 E. First st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SINGLE MAN on orange ranch; permanent place; state what is expected. Address P. box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GUIDE, pickier, Any references, experience and terms. Address Box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—JOHN HOUSE-PAINTING IN TRADE for dental work. 450 S. Hill St., room 5.

WANTED—A BOY TO DO HOUSE WORK in exchange for room and board. 222 S. Main.

WANTED—2 GOOD MEN, APPLY 2 A.M. W. C. SILVERTHORN, 216 S. Broadway. 14.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COAT-MAKER wanted. \$10 week. 208 S. BROADWAY. 24.

WANTED—Help, Female.

WANTED—LOS ANGELES EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 224 S. Main st. Tel. red 789.

Wanted—Housegirls, city and country; cooks, chambermaids and waitresses; all persons looking for situations please call and register. free.

WANTED—AMANUENSIS; TAILERESS, ATTENDANT, dressers, saladeries; chambermaid; wash-woman; domestic housework; man and wife; ranchwork; housekeeper. EDWARD NITTINGER, 226 S. Spring.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS DOMESTIC help to registered free. CLERKS EXCHANGE, rooms 12 and 13, 205 S. Broadway.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS FINISHER ON ladies' tailor made suits; good pay; call early. 223 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT MECHANICAL work; wages \$5. Address P. box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO WORK PART OF a day for board. Inquire at 213 W. Sixth.

WANTED—Situations, Male.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as companion to old sick lady, for a good home and small compensation. State from 2 to 11 a.m. at 218 W. PICO ST. 14.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY GERMAN WOMAN as companion to an old sick lady, for a good home and small compensation. State from 2 to 11 a.m. at 218 W. PICO ST. 14.

WANTED—JAPANESE COOK WANTS A position in private family, best references. 213 S. Pearl St. 14.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE BY A FIRST-CLASS FIRMAGE. 233 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—GARMENTS IN THE WOLF-skirt tract lots.

\$100—One of the finest 60-foot lots on Orange st.

\$500—2 lots, 50x137 each, between Washington and Adams, near Vermont.

\$500—Lot 50x158, Westlake ave.

CONTELYOU & GIFFEN, 233 S. Broadway. Byrne Building.

FOR SALE—GARMENTS IN THE WOLF-skirt tract lots.

\$500—Gladya ave. 25x110.

\$650—Wolfskill ave. 25x110.

700—Towne ave. 25x110.

\$100—Crescent ave. 15x110.

\$100—Lyons & Snell, 218 S. Broadway.

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\$100—Lyons &amp

**Reliable
Business Houses
Of Los Angeles.**

ADVERTISERS ATTENTION:
We are now prepared to place 3-inch advertisements in 30 So. Cal. Newspapers for \$4.50 per week. NEWITT ADVERTISING CONCERN, 24-25 Stimson Building, Phone 1561.

A KRON FURNITURE CO.,
Phone Main 146, 441 South Main St.
Opp. Postoffice. White Enamel Iron
Beds, \$4.15 up. Some great bargains.

ALFALFA Wheat HAY.
500 carloads. Our prices are the lowest. Scale weight. L. A. HAY STORE & MILLING CO. Cor. Third and Central Ave. Telephone M. 1584.

NITA BICYCLES \$35.

Milwaukee Bicycles \$35. Every wheel 14 inches. Honest wheels at Cut Gates. A. R. MAINES, 433 South Spring St.

CUTS FOR ADVERTISERS 25¢

Plenty of cuts for any business at this price. Engraving by expert hands. Illustrate your ads. J. C. NEWITT, 224 Stimson Building.

GOOD HAY \$14.50 A TON,
Oat or Barley, sweet and clean, \$14.50
per bushel. No. 1 Alfalfa, \$14.50. Finest
Oat or Barley Hay in the city.
C. E. PRICE & CO., 807 S. Olive, Phone M. 572.

GUM WOOD \$7.50 PER CD.
Save money by buying your hay
SHATTUCK & DESMOND, 55
1227 Figueroa street. Tel. West 211.

GIVING HAY AWAY!

Not quite, but when you compare our prices it seems like it. We stored our own hay—that's the reason.
C. E. PRICE & CO., 807 S. Olive. Phone M. 572.

L. A. VAN TRUCK AND STORAGE CO.
130 S. BROADWAY.
Furnishing, packing and storing
done by expert hands. Pad-
ded vans and prompt work. Phone M. 872.

RESTAURANTS—HOTELS
And other large consumers of fuel
will save some money by giving us a
chance to figure.
W. E. CLARK, 1240 S. Pearl St., Phone West 68.

SOLID COMFORT PLOWS.
Full supply of extras. Crown
and Buckle Plows. Sold only by CALI-
FORNIA IMPLEMENT CO., No. 217
North Los Angeles Street.

Advertisements in this column.
Terms and information can be had of
J. C. NEWITT, 324-325 Stimson Building.

PERSONAL
Business

PERSONAL—GEO. A. BALDWIN—GOLD BAR
Flour, \$1.25; City Flour, \$1.00; Arbuckle's or
Lion Coffee, No. 1; granulated Sugar, 15 lbs.,
\$1.00; 5 lbs. Rice, 25¢; 5 bars German Family
Soap, 14¢; 10 lbs. Flour, 25¢; 10 lbs. Oats,
25¢; Gold Medal Horax Soap, 25¢; 10 lbs.
Rolled Wheat or Oats, 25¢; 3 cans, New
England Baking Powder, 25¢; 10 lbs. Flour,
25¢; 4 cans Corn or Tomatoes, 25¢; 1 boxes
Soda, 25¢; 10 lbs. Flour, 25¢; 10 lbs. Beans,
45¢; 3 cans Oysters, 25¢; Lard, 10 lbs., 65¢;
12 lbs. Beans, 25¢; sugar-cured Hams, 9¢ per
lb.; 501 S. SPRING ST., cor. Sixth. Tel. 516.

PERSONAL—MRS. P. A. KER PALMIST
in addition to palmistry, tells fortunes, reads
travels, mineral locations described, prop-
erty, speculations, love, health, and all af-
fairs of life. 230 S. SPRING ST., room 4.
Phone 424.

PERSONAL—MME. LEO'S LIFE READINGS
are acknowledged to be of the highest or-
der; she advises with certainty as to the
proper course to pursue in love, business
and family affairs. At 125 W. FOURTH.

PERSONAL—SCREEN DOORS, 90¢. ADAMS
MFG. CO., 741 Main. Tel. main 566.

HAZARD & HARPHAM PATENTS

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS
The Original & Genuine
Worcestershire
SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

Gold Dust
Washing Powder
makes house cleaning easy. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

OVO PILÉ & TUMOR
Cure for all Diseases of the Rectum \$1.00
Ovo is a Remedy for all
diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Price
60¢. Ask your druggist
for it. OVO GER-
MAN MEDICAL CO.,
107½ N. Main St. Tel.
Brown 217.

**THE NEW
=Crystal Palace=**
IS NOW OPEN.
MEYBERG BROS.
245-245 South Spring Street.

JUST OPENED STORE....
Phillips & Munton,
Merchant Tailors.
339 S. Spring St. Formerly Phillips,
The Tailor, at 114 S. Spring St.

Well DRESSED Ladies
WEAR
DOSCH'S
BROADWAY HATS AND BONNETS.
No. 303 SOUTH BROADWAY.
Wholesale and Retail.

The cheapest place to trade in the city
Diamond Bro.
Department Store, cor. Main and Second.

Dr. Wilmington's
Blood and Nerve Pills
Cure Painful Periods, Stomach, Heart and
Liver Troubles. Price 25¢. Dr. WILMINGTON
Barkwell, Specialist on Chronic Diseases. Consultation free. \$10 S. Hill.

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**LINES OF TRAVEL
TO THE OCEAN RESORTS.**

**LOS ANGELES
TERMINAL
RAILWAY CO.**

Time of Passenger Trains February 21, 1898.

From Los Angeles to	Depart	Arrive
Glenwood, Tropicana	6:15 a.m.	6:07 p.m.
Redondo Park	7:15 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Pasadena	7:15 a.m.	8:45 a.m.
Garvanza	8:30 p.m.	9:35 p.m.
Ostrich Farm	8:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Santa Barbara	8:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Long Beach	8:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Terminal Island	8:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m.
Alameda	8:15 p.m.	9:25 p.m.
Catalina Island	8:45 a.m.	1:55 p.m.
Long Beach	8:45 a.m.	1:55 p.m.
Alameda	8:45 a.m.	1:55 p.m.
Catalina Island	8:45 a.m.	1:55 p.m.

Leave Los Angeles at 6 A.M. and Redondo at 11 A.M. for San Diego via Newport. Mar. 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30. Apr. 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 23, 27, 31. May 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24. Freight only.

Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe at 9 A.M. or from Redondo Ry. dep't at 9:30 A.M.

Cars connect via Port Los Angeles leave S.P.R.R. dep't at 1:30 P.M. for steamers not bound for San Francisco.

The steamers Homer and "Bonita" leave San Pedro and East San Pedro for San Francisco via Santa Barbara and Port Huron, Mar. 6, 12, 18, 24, 28, Apr. 1, 5, 11, 18, 25, 31. May 4, 10, 16, 22, 29, 30. The Santa Rosa will not stop at Newport.

Cars connect via Redondo leave Santa Fe at 9 A.M. or from Redondo Ry. dep't at 9:30 A.M.

Cars connect via San Pedro via Arcadia Depot at 1:30 P.M. for steamers not bound for San Francisco.

The Company reserves right to change, without previous notice, steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

W. MORRIS, Ast.

124 W. Second St., Los Angeles.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts. S.F.

LOS ANGELES AND REDONDO RAILWAY COMPANY.

Los Angeles Depot, corner Grand Avenue and Jefferson street.

EFFECTIVE WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27, 1897.

LEAVE REDONDO

8 a.m. 11 a.m., 1:15 p.m.
Saturday, 8 a.m., 1:30 p.m.

LEAVE LOS ANGELES

8 a.m. 11 a.m., 1:30 p.m.
Saturday, 8 a.m., 1:30 p.m.

Take Grand-avenue electric or Main-street and Agricultural Park cars.

L. J. PERRY, Superintendent.

Oceanic S.S. Co.

S.S. ZEALANDIA for Honolulu only.

S.S. MOANA sails March 23 for Honolulu, Samoa, New Zealand, Australia.

HUGH B. RICE, Agent, 122 W. Second st.

IRRIGATING HOSE.

3-inch at 8½ cents per foot.
4-inch at 5 cents per foot.

Sales—100,000 Feet Per Season.
Send For Samples.

.....ORDER NOW.....

As it takes time to prepare it.

WATERPROOF

Rubber Hose—all grades, from 5¢ per foot, up, coupled in 25 or 50-foot lengths.

Wm. H. Hoegee, 130-132-136 S. Main St.—TELEPHONE 658.

BEAUTIFUL WATCHES...

Our stock of watches contains all the best movements, such as Elgin and Waltham and other leading makes. The variety of cases, both in design and price, is also an important feature of our collection and well worthy attention from the prospective buyer.

LISSNER & CO., Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Opticians, 235 S. Spring Street.

Parry

THIRD AND BROADWAY
Shirts and Waists Made to Order.

Cheapest Store on Earth.
Send for Catalogue.

Broadway Department Store,
Los Angeles.

People's Art Store

360 SOUTH BROADWAY
SPECIAL—for one week.

Crayon Portraits \$3.25
with 7-inch frame at.....Worth \$7.00

Show Us If You Can

A Crayon that will equal our \$3.00
ENVY. Fauber one-piece hanger,
Flush connections and Envoy quality.
Guaranteed by us.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO.
Kyte & Granacher, 228 W. 2d St.

RHEUMATISM

CURED IN A DAY. "RHEUMATINE," The Magic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, relieves and cures in 1 to 5 days. Rheumatism causes Heart Disease, which usually ends in death. "RHEUMATINE" prevents the risk of death at once. It immediately disappears. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. The first dose benefits. Price \$2.00. "RHEUMATINE" is for sale by C. LEWIS, Druggist, 402 South Broadway.

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealer:
BRADFORD CYCLE CO., •

522-540 S. Spring St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Every Cyclery, 410 S. B'dwy

You Can Make \$100
per month.

Sample Bicycle sent you
to Largest Stock on the Pacific Coast.

BRADFORD CYCLE CO., •

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealer:
522-540 S. Spring St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Well DRESSED Ladies

WEAR—

DOSCH'S

BROADWAY HATS AND BONNETS.

No. 303 SOUTH BROADWAY.
Wholesale and Retail.

The cheapest place to trade in the city

Diamond Bro.

Department Store, cor. Main and Second.

JUST OPENED STORE....

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Merchant Tailors.

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Well DRESSED Ladies

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, March 14.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.88; at 1 p.m., 29.94. Thermometer at 10 a.m. indicated a temperature of 59 deg.; at 4 p.m., 54 deg. Relative humidity, 5 am., 87 per cent; 5 p.m., 27 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m. west, velocity 8 miles; 5 p.m. north-west; velocity 13 miles. Character of weather, 5 a.m. cloudy; 5 p.m. clear. Maximum temperature, 59 deg.; minimum temperature, 48 deg.

Barometer reduced to sea level.

WEATHER FORECAST. SAN FRANCISCO, March 13.—For Southern California: Fair Monday; continued cold weather, northerly winds; heavy frost Monday morning.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Sierra Madre and San Bernardino Mountains seem to have been especially favored during the recent storm, a large body of snow having formed. This is of immense value to all the country dependent on those mountains for irrigating water.

As the Tulare Register says: "There seems to be a good deal in a name down at San Bernardino county. The elite are trying to change the name of a noted mountain from 'Old Grayback' to San Gorgonio, or Mt. Washington, anything but Grayback, which gives them a crawly sensation, and reminds them of old war days and life in the barracks."

The Pasadena Star says: "Too Much Johnson" appears to be the bane of Fresno. The excitement there over a quack preacher of that name, who blackguarded her women and was run out of town, has not yet been forgotten, and now comes another unhappy reminder in a "Johnson" grass, which has become such a nuisance as to call for the most earnest efforts to suppress it. Unhappy Fresno."

Santa Barbara has been having a big show of poultry, together with an exhibit of such dogs as have not been stolen for the Klondike trade. The number of "demolition bows-wows" exhibited was 110, embracing everything from the diminutive fox terrier to the majestic St. Bernard. The poultry exhibit was particularly fine. The exercises closed impressively with a doxology of "Keyser! Don't You Want to Buy a Dog?" followed by "Don't Bet Money on the Shanghai!"

The Berkeley World announces that "one of the most ingenious prohibition schemes of the day has been evolved from the active brain of a law-making Oregonian. It requires every man who wants to drink to pay a license of \$5 a quarter, and demands that sellers of liquor shall see that customers have licenses before selling. The list of those holding licenses is to be published. When the Supreme Court tackles the license-to-drink proposition there will probably be some heavy celebrations."

The Oakland Tribune dips its pen into the well of truth when it observes: "That human life is thought too little of on this Coast is shown by the bloody crime committed in San Francisco Sunday, when an attack of one of the Superior courts there deliberately shot down a man and a woman for a trivial offense. The pistol-wielder, by the way, was a member of the staff in Judge Bahrs's court, the one in which Durrant faced his doom, and seeing the procrastinating ways of justice, doubtless considered he was not running much of a risk anywhere."

The Redlands Citrograph man is in a hurry for a ride up the coast, all the way by rail to San Francisco. He evidently does not know that the fifty-five miles yet awaiting completion are something out of the usual run of railway building. There are cuts deep enough to be called cañons, and fills that will contain over 250,000 yards of earth, as well as trestles that are without precedent in all the Pacific States, for length and altitude. There have been a good many skillful feats of engineering on this Coast, notably, the zigzag at the headwaters of the Sacramento and the Tehachapi loop, but there is nothing yet that has tried the patience and ingenuity of the average engineer more than the new coast-line of the Southern Pacific.

Philosophy from the Fresno Expositor runs as follows: "The Los Angeles Times has been allowing itself to be annoyed by anonymous letter-writers, and in reference to them, paraphrases Pudd'nhead Wilson's calendar as follows: 'In the beginning God made an idiot. That was for practice. Then He made anonymous letter-writers.' The definition fits aptly, but the anonymous correspondent has his uses. He is numerous in Fresno, and is always ready to assist in shaping the policy of the paper and in pointing out its sins of omission and commission. We get considerable amusement out of the cuss. We never take him seriously, and just have fun with him in the editorial room. Then we jollily some and creme him, and all thought of the dirty creature and his effusions passes away with the smirk."

The skin-drying process of preparing vegetables for the Klondike market is carried on very extensively about San Francisco, but some day along will come a Southern California genius and begin the manufacture of the British compound known as hedge-podge, which is the best of all canned articles for that climate. It consists of green corn, tomatoes, lima beans and a faint suspicion of onion, cooked in a strong decoction of beef soup stock, made from the necks and shanks of the "critter." No more nutritious food can be found than this. Besides this, the beef could be chopped or ground fine and mixed with flour for coarse biscuits to be fed to dogs. Whenever there is no more dog-sledding work in that country, it will be because there is no more gold to be dug out. There is a great opening for a cannery here to manufacture that very article.

Malt-Nutrine

makes strong the weak and the strong. The pure nutriment of malt and hops. Malt Nutrine is prepared by the famous Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, which guarantees the purity, excellence and merit claimed for it.

BROKE HIS HEAD.

BLACKMAN ACCIDENTALLY HURT IN THE COUNTY JAIL.

Painted and Fell, Striking His Head Against a Bolt—Surgeons Treponed His Skull—Injury Very Serious.

While taking his exercise in the County Jail yesterday afternoon, W. R. Blackman, the defaulting secretary and treasurer of the Los Angeles Electric Company, who was recently convicted on a felony charge of embezzlement, fell to the iron floor. His head struck a bolt on the side of the row of cells and his skull was fractured near the base of the brain. He was taken to the County Hospital, where Drs. Barber and Bryson treponed the skull. They pronounced the wound most serious, and, although the patient recovered quickly from the shock incident to the operation, his condition is still critical.

Since his confinement in the County Jail Blackman has made a model prisoner, and although the vigilance of the jail officials was not relaxed, he allowed them to see him, could be trusted more than many of the other inmates confined there. He was therefore given more privileges, and among them was permission to take his daily exercise on the south corridor, on which front the rooms of cells are styled. His hour for exercise was just after noon, and he was seldom watched closely while he walked up and down along the rows of cells. It has never been a common occurrence, and in this conviction he would frequently sit for hours at a time resting his head in his hands. His nervousness greatly increased and he frequently complained of severe headache. Officers at the jail saw that he was becoming drowsy and refused their sympathetic advances and asked only to be let alone. He conformed studiously to the rules of the jail and gave his jailors no trouble whatever.

As soon as he had finished his midday meal he went alone to the south corridor and began walking up and down. His pace was slow, and as there was nothing in his action to attract notice, but little attention was paid to him. He had been there perhaps two minutes when Turner, a placeman, had occasion to go past that part of the jail. As soon as he turned the corner he saw Blackman lying at full length on the floor, with the blood gushing from a long rent on the back of his head. Spurred on by fear, he ran to the aid of his fellow inmate. Blackman's head was almost touching the outside wall of one of the cells and was lying in a pool of blood. The blood had spurted up from the side of the cell two feet above the floor. He was unconscious and was picked up and carried to the main corridor, where he recovered sufficiently to tell those about him that he had been seized with a sudden fainting spell, while walking, and had tried to grasp a cell bar, but missed it, fell backward to the floor, striking his head against something as he fell. That was all he remembered. The sides of the cells are studded with large bolt-holes, and it is supposed his head struck one of these, causing the wound.

He soon relapsed into unconsciousness and it was decided to send him to the County Hospital. A carriage was summoned and Turnkey Harrington took him to the hospital as quickly as possible. Dr. Barber, Blackman's physician, was notified of the accident and he arrived at the hospital almost at the same time as Blackman. The injured man was taken into the operating rooms, where Drs. Barber and Bryson administered an anesthetic. They then cut away the skin around the wound and found that the skull had been badly fractured, a piece of the bone about the size of a nickel being broken off and pressed in against the brain.

In spite of the weakness caused by loss of blood, Blackman rallied quickly from the effects of the operation. He was soon able to talk with those about him, but could not tell any more than he had already told the officers at the jail, who had caused him to fall. His wife had been absent from the city, and was admitted to the room to which he was taken after the operation. The physician stated that the extent of the wounds might not be known for several days. In the mean time Blackman will remain at the hospital in charge of a deputy sheriff.

DIED OF DRINK.

The Unknown Man Found in the Mechanics Saloon.

The body of the unknown man who died suddenly in the rear of the Mechanics' saloon on First street near Alameda Saturday night, has not been identified. The remains are at Kregel & Bresse's undertaking establishment, and a number of persons called there yesterday to see them, hoping to be able to tell who the man was. Two of them said they believed the body to be that of Barney Scott, a laborer, who had been in the city several months, but they were not positive. Another visitor thought he recognized the man as J. D. Smith, a former railroad man, who at one time worked on the Santa Fe with headquarters at Albuquerque. He said Smith had a scar on his left shoulder, but no such scar was found on the body.

Deputy Coroner Summerfield performed an autopsy at the undertaking establishment last night. The lungs and abdominal cavity were found to be in a badly congested condition. There was every indication that death had been caused by acute alcoholism, the body showing no trace of poison or marks of violence. The inquest will be held this morning at 10 o'clock, at Kregel & Bresse's, and it is probable that a verdict of death from the cause stated will be rendered.

Union Reform League. A meeting of the Union Reform League, an organization devoted to nothing in particular and heterogeneous socialism in general, was held yesterday in Illinois Hall. The Rev. John Gray made the opening address. Remarks were made also by Dr. A. J. Stevens, Mrs. C. M. Severance, A. S. Langley and others. At the close of the services, a silent supper was served, at which Dr. J. D. Hay presided. The services may be described as non-sectarian, semi-religious, socialistic and rainbow-chasing. It is expected that the service will be agreed with anybody else.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES. We wish to notify the ladies of Los Angeles, especially those who ordered jeweled diamonds and diamond pectorals, that they have arrived from Paris. On account of our short stay in the city, we would like to have them call and get them, as soon as possible. These grilles are expensive in design and can be found only in Paris, London, New York, Boston, St. Louis, Denver, San Francisco, and this city. We still have left a few very choice designs in brooches, rings, and ear pins, which are very low prices, very low prices, on account of going out of business in this city. Mail orders will receive prompt attention. Address Diamond Parlors, 117 S. Spring st.

RAND & McNALLY'S official map of Alaska makes strong the weak and the strong. The pure nutriment of malt and hops. Malt Nutrine is prepared by the famous Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, which guarantees the purity, excellence and merit claimed for it.

A Whole Family Tumbles.

Some six months ago there was a family of acrobats at the Orpheum. First the father came out and tumbled, then the mother tumbled, then the big brother and sister tumbled, then the two younger boys tumbled; finally the whole family tumbled.

In selling shirts first the mother comes in and buys one of our celebrated dollar shirts; the father tumbles; he tells the eldest boy, he tumbles; he tells his brothers, they tumble; finally the whole family tumbles.

Do you tumble easily?

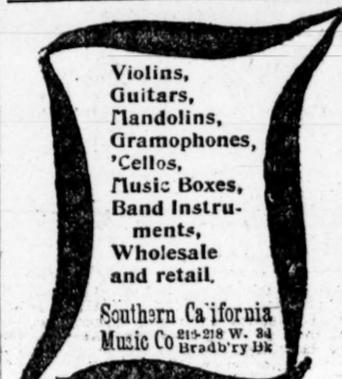
Silverwood
THE CASH FURNISHER,
124 South Spring Street.

NEW BOOKS..

FRANCE, by J. F. Bodley. Two volumes. Price..... \$4.50
PLACER MINING, Price..... \$1.00
PARIS, by Emile Zola. Two volumes. Price..... \$2.00
SIMON DALE, by Anthony Hope. Price..... \$1.50

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The largest, most varied and most complete stock of Books west of Chicago.

**Wearing the Avery-Staub Shoes**

Our stock of fine up-to-date footwear for ladies and gentlemen is one of the chief glories of Broadway as a shopping center.

The people who are particular about the shoes they wear will generally be found wearing Avery-Staub Shoes, and there's more and more of such people every day.

AVERY-STaub SHOE CO.
Byrne Building, Broadway near Third.
"Always Satisfactory to the Wearer."

50 Highest Awards OVER ALL AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN COMPETITORS

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Benson's
the best POROUS PLASTER

When jaws of dentists experts representing the highest power of medical knowledge and the greatest number of sufferers relieved, so unanimously decide BENSON'S Porous Plaster, you have the surest guarantee that it is the best. The plaster is made of the finest materials, unadulterated, whether Selenite, Luminous, Backache, Metal, Zinc, French, German, Plastic, Other, Long and Chest Difficulties, Kidney, etc.

The only officially medicated plaster and the remedy of choice of dentists.

Take a few pieces and apply to the mouth.

Price 25 cents.

Union Reform League.

Spring Styles NOW IN.

BURNS, 240 South Spring St.



IMPORTANT TO LADIES. We wish to notify the ladies of Los Angeles, especially those who ordered jeweled diamonds and diamond pectorals, that they have arrived from Paris. On account of our short stay in the city, we would like to have them call and get them, as soon as possible. These grilles are expensive in design and can be found only in Paris, London, New York, Boston, St. Louis, Denver, San Francisco, and this city. We still have left a few very choice designs in brooches, rings, and ear pins, which are very low prices, very low prices, on account of going out of business in this city. Mail orders will receive prompt attention. Address Diamond Parlors, 117 S. Spring st.

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At the Churches Yesterday.

The Divine Ideal.

REV BURT ESTES HOWARD read his text yesterday. II Peter, i. iv: "Whereby He hath granted unto us His precious and exceeding great promises; that through these ye might become partakers of the divine nature." Mr. Howard said in part:

"The whole point here does not lie in the divine promises, but in the human possibility. A divine promise is not a certificate of deposit furnishing the holder of it with collateral security to insure his personal benefit.

It is a guarantee that in God's moral government the integrity of the law of cause and effect will be preserved.

"Those exceeding great and precious promises which God has given to men insure the success of spiritual effort, they do not take the place of it. The dominant idea is not the promise, it is the possibility held out to a man's life. It is the divine ideal. Jesus calls men to come to Him, not that he may have disciples, but that they may have life.

"The heart of the gospel is vital. It seeks to make divine men rather than doctrinaires. Peter declares, that God has given a knowledge of His own being, of life and Godliness, in order that through these promised forces we may become partakers, not of reward, but of divine character.

"True Christianity is not repressive but expansive. It does not seek to make us less than men. It is not an emasculating force, but a vigorous, bold, positive righteousness that walks the earth, breathes the common air, and lives divinely because it lives to the full of humanness.

"God is not seeking the creation of religionists. He is aiming to make men conscious of themselves as spiritual beings. He is eager to awaken the sense of God's presence. To lead us to the Father's house. This is therefore of Christianity must be found in its effect on character, rather than on opinion. The man who is showing forth divine qualities of mind and heart is the Christian man.

"Jesus did not come with a new theology so much as a new ideal. He was not seeking to establish the supremacy of their own divinity, and He did it by carrying these commanding lives of ours into heavenly heights and glorifying them with divine meaning and value. The call of the Master is an appeal to our best manhood.

The apostle's ringing cry sounds the keynote of the gospel. This is a command to all men, "Be ye perfect, men more than he does millionaires."

"I appeal to you this day by all the divine opportunities that stand open before you, by every living aspiration that pulses in your souls, by every true ideal that summons you to loftier levels than each of you are worthy of in your life from the narrow conception in which you have imprisoned it, and give it room and a divine chance."

The Last Harvest.

DAVID WALK, in the Church of Christ on Eighth street, read Matthew xiii, 36-43, and announced as his subject, "The Last Harvest." No more solemn utterance ever fell from the lips of Jesus than His explanation of the parable of the wheat and the tares. It would be as wise to question man's existence as the fact of sin, and the essential quality of sin is necessarily destructive, and unless pardoned, eternally destructive. No one questions the wisdom and benevolence of Jesus, all the world acknowledges His love for and sympathy with the race. And yet He was the first to preach the awful doctrine of hell. And He preached this doctrine because of His infinite love. He understood the inevitable consequences of sin. He proclaimed the fact of hell on the same platform where the lightning waves a red light before the advancing thunder. He taught that hell is the logical outcome of a sinful and impudent life. Hell is not the creature of God, but of sin. Men gravitate to their moral level. When the apostles were released from prison they came to their own company, and when Jesus died, all the world watched.

This parable must not be belittled by pressing it into the service of petty questions of church discipline. There are scriptures which bear upon the conduct of church members, but this is not one of them. The kingdom of Christ is in process of development, and its triumphs are the triumphs of the kingdom over the wicked. The sons of the kingdom are the righteous, they live side by side, and are inextricably involved.

But the time of separation will come, and this will be the final harvest. The angels of God, now ministering spirits, will be the reapers, and they will pull out their scythes under the immediate direction of Christ. All the metaphors here employed are awfully suggestive, and their meaning is apparent.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

A FAINT RECOLLECTION.

(PUBLISHED IN THE TIMES BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

"HUSTLEIGH has come down for a fortnight's hunting, Maggie. He has brought a party with him, and he wants us to go over at once that you may matronize them."

"How very jolly," Maggie, otherwise Mrs. Poynter, a pretty woman of 40, said heartily. "Hustleigh is just the very jolly house to stay at that I know."

"When do we start?"

"Can you be ready by 2?"

"Certainly I can," and she went off humming and singing to herself merrily for the prospect of doing the honors for Mr. Hustleigh of Cleeve Court, pleased her right well.

At 3 o'clock she stepped into the four-wheeled dog cart, in which her husband was going to drive her over. Then two black chestnut colts that were in front of her stepped out gayly, for there was not a smarter tandem whip in the county than her husband, and her spirits went up and up by elastic leaps and bounds for the first few miles. Then she asked:

"Who has come down with Hustleigh, anyone I know?"

"Two or three fellows, today, don't think you know them, and tomorrow a Mrs. Mortimer and her two daughters are coming and the wife was supposed to be engaged to one of them. Ansdale's name is—By the way, didn't you know a man called Ansdale before we were married?"

"That's twenty years ago, Jack; so long ago that I have a very faint recollection of anyone I knew in the days before our marriage. What is this man who engaged to one of the Mortimer girls? Where does he come from?"

Her voice sounded strangely flat and strained as she demanded any recollection of the man, and asked from whence he came.

"From India recently, I believe; but I know nothing about him. What's

eternal suffering. The most excruciating physical pain is that of human flesh subjected to fire. The agony of spirit of those who do evil shall be like unto this in the future world. Apostle Paul preached no greater truth than that of the resurrection of the body. This principle is illustrated in every day life, for suffering is ever attendant upon wrong doing. But the promise to the righteous is that they shall shine forth as the sun, in the kingdom of their Father. . . .

Magic.

H. B. LEADER lectured at the Fifth-street Hall on "Magic," and said in part: "Magic is the power to command the gods, who are the occult or hidden forces of nature; the ancient Greeks personified or dramatized these powers and spoke of them as gods. Man, as an apostle of the universe, fears all these gods within himself, which he can evoke and use either for good or for evil. As humanity develops these hidden forces, each one has to choose whether he will be for the good or the bad, and seek happiness. If the latter, then magic becomes black, evil, indeed sorcery. It is idle to deny these possibilities, for we know well that science has, as yet, only begun to find out the laws of nature, and far more remains to be known than any of us can at present dream of."

The Body of Christ

AT THE Central Presbyterian Church, the pastor, Rev. J. R. Jones, spoke on "The Church, the Body of Christ," from the text: I Corinthians, xii, 27. For his body, he said, which is the church. He said: "When Christ had ascended to the Father, He sent the Holy Spirit into the hearts of the disciples. The spirit endowed them with wisdom, zeal and a masterful executive ability. Under His guidance, they formed an external organization, the church, which became of permanency in an invisible connection with the Risen Redeemer. This organization is called the church. For centuries it has stood as the pillar and ground of the truth. It has gradually increased in power, influence and numbers. All is due to the relation existing between it and Christ. This has been variously expressed in scripture, sometimes under the figure of husband and wife, of soul and body, and in the text of soul and body. From this I infer that the harmonious existence between Christ and the church bears the same relation to the church as the between soul and body. He is the soul, the fullness of which filleth all in all; the church is the body, strengthened, sustained, purified and ennobled by that soul which shines in and through her. Following the analogy of soul and body, we see that Christ's relationship to the church is mysterious, intimate, necessary and ennobling. The exact connection between soul and body has not been determined. Here has been the battleground of centuries. Scientists and theologians have been contending; opinion has been huddled against; opinion materialism has opposed; spiritualism has striven with the claims of science; psychology. On this ground men have sought to solve the mysteries of the abysmal depths of personality, and no one has solved the problem. Prof. Tyndall long since has said, 'We can trace the development of a nervous system, and correlate with it the parallel phenomena of sensation and thought. We see with undoubting certainty that they go hand in hand. But we try to soar in a vacuum the moment we seek to comprehend the connection between them.' In like manner we affirm that the relation of Christ to His church is mysterious. We must seek our place in the holy place, but we can neither be rent in twain nor withdrawn. Christ's relation to the church, like that to the believer, is beyond mortal comprehension. As the emotions and thoughts of man are registered on the body, stamped indelibly on the sensitive plate of the nervous organism, so that the relation is inseparable. So does Christ stand to the church. The relation is intimate; it is also necessary—not to Christ, but to the church. Let the soul wing its flight, the body becomes dead, returns to the dust. The soul gives it life and health and strength. Christ imparts life to the church. Christ is His all in all. In this institution, her disciplines, her symbols, her worship, her life, will sink into decay and death, and the society would be a vast organization without a purpose, a magnificent temple whose glory had departed, and left it desolate; a finely constructed body without a soul."

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The question has been sneeringly asked: "Why does not God kill the devil?" It is better that the devil should be killed by us, than that God should kill him for us, and this is power over all are concerned. It is our work to resist the devil. Christ prayed, not that the sons of the kingdom should be taken out of the world, but that they should be kept from evil.

True Resources of a Church.

REV. A. A. RICE, pastor of the Universalists, took as his theme,

"The True Resource of a Church," from the text, John iv, 14. "A well of water springing up unto eternal life." He said in brief: "The real resource of a church is the vital truth on which it is based. All its energies, its activities, its progress ultimately depend on the faith for which it stands.

The novelty of being a new institution may cause temporary activities opposition to it, but the old established churches may give advertisement to what sort of outward prosperity, but for permanent success both spiritual and material, its potency is in its system of truth. First of all, in order to be effective, a faith must harmonize with reason; its truth be arranged according to the laws of logic, and bring conclusions to the logical outcome of its premises. For instance, when it is said that God is omnipotent and wills the salvation of all men, it is an affront to reason to conclude that man's will shall frustrate this power and intention, and one need not take the place of the other.

Again, the effectiveness of a belief is measured by the degree with which it corroborates the moral sense. That God should permit everlasting sin, or that man should continue endlessly in it, disturbs the even tenor of our souls, brings and paralyzes our efforts to save others, and the fruitless and frosty inspiration of man's power, with the promptings of our affections. To say that God is love, and at the same time affirm the endlessness of hatred, is but to mock our better natures, and to make a deadlock in our activities. Faith in the ultimate triumph of good, is the well of water springing up unto eternal life."

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God or Mammon.

SUPERINTENDENT C. S. MASON of the Pacific Gospel Union, spoke in brief from the text: "Ye cannot serve God and Mammon." Matthew vi, 24. He said: The text is the emphatic declaration of the Lord Jesus Christ, the Savior of men. It is a fact that we are one, or the other, either God or the Devil, the one God of this world. By choice we determine which. The fact that so many attempt to serve both God and Mammon, to walk, one foot in the church and one in the world, is the root of much evil. The truth is, that the word of God falling on the human heart, in its own good time brings forth fruit. There can be no conversions without the preaching of the gospel and obedience to the truth. It is the seed falling on the good ground and returning to the soil, so the word of God falling on the human heart, in its own good time brings forth fruit. There can be no conversions without the preaching of the gospel and obedience to the truth. We must seek our place in the holy place, but we can neither be rent in twain nor withdrawn. Christ's relation to the church, like that to the believer, is beyond mortal comprehension. As the emotions and thoughts of man are registered on the body, stamped indelibly on the sensitive plate of the nervous organism, so that the relation is inseparable. So does Christ stand to the church. The relation is intimate; it is also necessary—not to Christ, but to the church. Let the soul wing its flight, the body becomes dead, returns to the dust. The soul gives it life and health and strength. Christ imparts life to the church. Christ is His all in all. In this institution, her disciplines, her symbols, her worship, her life, will sink into decay and death, and the society would be a vast organization without a purpose, a magnificent temple whose glory had departed, and left it desolate; a finely constructed body without a soul."

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HOSTETTERS CELEBRATED

THE ONLY CERTAIN REMEDY

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HOSTETTERS CELEBRATED

THE BITTERS IT EXPELS ALL THE

ACRID ELEMENTS IN THE BLOOD

STOMACH BITTERS THAT PROMOTE THIS DISEASE.

KIDNEYS DISEASED.

Mrs. Helen R. Clark of San Diego Has This to Say of Valley Flower.

IT'S A GOOD IDEA

TO HAVE YOUR TABLE FAIR WHOLESALE AND DELICIOUS.

COTTOLENE SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CAUSE AND CURE

There are a hundred ills, of which the cause is the same—impaired action of the Bowels and Kidneys. The cure is the same in every instance—Emil Frese's Hamburg Tea. Druggists and Grocers sell it everywhere.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

VAN NUYS—Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Dryer, Robert Oxnard, Sam Francisco, J. McCoy Williams, Chico, Mrs. William F. Pack and his wife, A. B. Youmans and wife, St. Paul, Minn., and his wife, Portland, Ore.; Mr. E. R. Baxter, San Francisco; Herbert L. Schambach, Philadelphia; George L. Dunn, N. Y.; George Grant, San Francisco; A. Dominguez, Wm. Chester; L. D. Withington, D. C. Cellier, Jr., San Diego; S. M. Rosenbaum, maid and two children, San Francisco; Mrs. Anna Williams, Spokane, Wash.; H. Morgan Hill and wife, Morgan Hill; Mrs. S. Ritter and maid, London; M. H. Mayer, Corona.

PARABLE OF THE TARES.

REV. A. C. SMITHER preached at the First Christian Church in the morning upon "The Parable of the Tares," and said: A parable is a beautiful word picture revealing some important truth. In this parable are developed several vital truths concerning the kingdom of God on earth. Just as the seed falling on the good ground eventually bears fruit, so the tares, so the word of God falling on the human heart, in its own good time brings forth fruit. There can be no conversions without the preaching of the gospel and obedience to the truth. We must seek our place in the holy place, but we can neither be rent in twain nor withdrawn. Christ's relation to the church, like that to the believer, is beyond mortal comprehension. As the emotions and thoughts of man are registered on the body, stamped indelibly on the sensitive plate of the nervous organism, so that the relation is inseparable. So does Christ stand to the church. The relation is intimate; it is also necessary—not to Christ, but to the church. Let the soul wing its flight, the body becomes dead, returns to the dust. The soul gives it life and health and strength. Christ imparts life to the church. Christ is His all in all. In this institution, her disciplines, her symbols, her worship, her life, will sink into decay and death, and the society would be a vast organization without a purpose, a magnificent temple whose glory had departed, and left it desolate; a finely constructed body without a soul."

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FLUCKING THE OSTRICHES

Tomorrow at the South Pasadena farm.

RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY DISEASES CURED.

DRAUGGISTS, DRUGGISTS, DRUGGISTS.

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DRAUGGISTS, DRUGG



PASADENA.

MARCH WIND DRIVES TOURISTS INDOORS.

South Pasadena Moosebacks Conclude to March With the Progressive Element—News Notes and Brevities.

PASADENA. March 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Today has been a typical March day. The wind has blown incessantly since early morning, and owing to the lack of rain the dust has been almost unbearable to those who were not wearing hats or riding in a carriage. A dozen or more tally-ho's filed with tourists arrived during the early morning in Pasadena from Los Angeles, many of them headed for the various cañons north of this city, to spend the day in picnic fashion, but most of them started for Los Angeles again immediately after eating luncheon, as the wind was down, the cars all through a funeral. The people who have been very bad condition all day, and not until late this evening could telephone communication be held with any sort of ease, even with short distances. The high wind has blown the trees over, torn the fruit trees, but not in sufficient quantities to cause any serious damage.

SOUTH PASADENA POLITICS.

The voters of South Pasadena met in Graham's Hall last evening in mass meeting to nominate candidates for the municipal offices. A large number of local men had been invited to the meeting had been called the "moshacks," but within ten minutes after the meeting closed the name was dropped, not because it was not a good name, but because it had turned up and voted thanks to the retiring municipal officers, and said a lot of kind things about them, so that harmony was restored.

The nonprogressive element had caused the meeting to be called and had urged all the citizens to be present by means of posters placed throughout the town, and in which they were told that they must side by the signers of the call to cut all the existing salaries 25 per cent. A large part of the event was taken up in discussing the question of the exact cuts down, but when it finally came to a vote the young blood in the community manifested its interest in progressions to such an extent that the nonprogressive element had only seven votes out of the 150 voters in South Pasadena. Of this number, however, but a few over fifty were present at the meeting. The result was that the effect that enough money should be used to sustain the government of the city on a progressive basis; to welcome public improvements, to encourage the community to draw the line in the matter of railroads at the trestle proposed by the cycloway. The cycloway was welcomed heartily provided it could be built.

It was after 10 o'clock when the voting began, and the following-named persons were nominated:

For Trustees: Leo Longley, Fred Cunningham, Mr. O. H. Clark, Clerk and Assessor: Alexis Hinckley; City Marshal and Tax Collector: Mrs. Frount, J. H. Jacobs; Library Trustees: Charles Walker, A. M. Merwin, Margaret Collier, Graham, Merton, E. Keith and Howard Longley.

PROFOUND MAN DEAD.

John A. Emmons, 75 years of age, who has been in Southern California for the past month, died this afternoon. Mr. Emmons was well known in his native city, and was a retired commission merchant, having an office on Central street. His remains will be sent back to Boston to his widow, who was with him at the time of death.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The First Congregational Church was filled this evening, the men's Sunday Evening Club having arranged an exceptionally fine programme, including, besides selections by the choir, duets by Mr. Frost and Mrs. Burnham, a solo from Miss Jessie Young, trio from Miss Henderson, Mrs. Frost, and Mrs. Henderson, and a short sermon by Rev. E. R. Abbott.

The Young Men's Committee of the American Club has been called to meet tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock to take action upon an invitation received to participate in the fiesta in Los Angeles.

Co. L.N.G.C., Capt. Lippincott, has been busy signing recruits within the past two weeks, and at the meeting of the company tomorrow evening over twenty-five recruits will be enrolled.

The directors of the Board of Trade have signed articles with Mrs. Kellher for a new building to be erected in eastern cities and at the summer resorts, to include several views of Pasadena.

Word has been received from Washington to the effect that the electric car mail service will be put in operation about April 1.

NOVELTY wash goods. Bon Accord.

Lost—Mail car. Return to No. 303 North Molino avenue and get reward.

SAN PEDRO.**A Young Couple Capsized and Very Nearly Drowned.**

SAN PEDRO. March 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] D. Baldwin, who is employed on one of the vessels here, and Miss Maud Devereux, were narrowly rescued from drowning on Saturday afternoon. They went out in small sailing boat and the strong wind and choppy water made it difficult to navigate the craft. Under Baldwin, an skilful handling, when off Dead Man's Island it capsized. Both Baldwin and the young woman went under two or three times and it seemed as if their chances of rescue were绝望的。 Despite his efforts to hold on to a better hold on the overturned boat. After a struggle of several minutes he dragged the young woman onto the bottom of the craft and swimming in the water himself, helped the young woman's cries were heard for a long distance, but the capsized boat was not observed from a number of small craft on the neighboring coast. The schooner Maweeva, towed, noticed the distressed couple and, while the tow could not stop, a boat was sent to the women. The small vessel passed the overturned craft, was dropped into the water. Both young people were taken in and brought ashore. Baldwin quickly recovered, but was unconscious when taken home and was attended by Dr. Weidom. She recovered slowly, but today is out of danger.

NEWPORT.

The steamer Coca Bay arrived at this port today on her regular trip north, with her stem or cutter, wrenched off as if by collision, and her port rail near the bow almost severed. The damage is reported to have occurred at Newport, from which place the Coca Bay sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. The schooner Peacock II, arrived from Tucumcari with 150,000 feet of lumber, 175,000 laths and 576,000 shingles for the Santa Barbara Lumber Company, which was coming in with the schooner Maweeva, tow, noticed the distressed couple and, while the tow could not stop, a boat was sent to the women. The small vessel passed the overturned craft, was dropped into the water. Both young people were taken in and brought ashore. Baldwin quickly recovered, but was unconscious when taken home and was attended by Dr. Weidom. She recovered slowly, but today is out of danger.

THE COAST.

The steamer Coca Bay arrived at this port today on her regular trip north, with her stem or cutter, wrenched off as if by collision, and her port rail near the bow almost severed. The damage is reported to have occurred at Newport, from which place the Coca Bay sailed at 10 o'clock this morning. The schooner Peacock II, arrived from Tucumcari with 150,000 feet of lumber, 175,000 laths and 576,000 shingles for the Santa Barbara Lumber Company, which was coming in with the schooner Maweeva, tow, noticed the distressed couple and, while the tow could not stop, a boat was sent to the women. The small vessel passed the overturned craft, was dropped into the water. Both young people were taken in and brought ashore. Baldwin quickly recovered, but was unconscious when taken home and was attended by Dr. Weidom. She recovered slowly, but today is out of danger.

THE SHIPPING ARRIVALS.

The schooner Maria E. Smith, Capt. Smith, arrived on Friday from Tacoma with 46,000 feet of lumber.

The schooner Littlebonne, Capt. Hansen, arrived on Friday from Eureka with 280,000 feet of lumber.

The schooner Maweeva, Capt. Smith, arrived on Saturday from Seattle with \$30,000 of lumber.

The schooner Ellen N. Kimball, Capt.

NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY

SUIT COMMENCED TO RECOVER AN ALLEGED BALANCE.

The Dog Show Closes and Special Awards Made—News from Prospective Klondikers—Half Interest in Cojo Ranch Deeded.

SANTA BARBARA. March 13.—(Regular Correspondence.) Suit was entered in the Superior Court Friday by Louisa J. Thompson against George Stansak et al, representatives, executors, trustees, etc., under the trust created by the late will of Thomas Bell, deceased. The plaintiff seeks to recover the principal and interest of a balance alleged to be due her upon a certain promissory note in the sum of \$60,000, with interest at 7 per cent, compounded quarterly since October, 1896. Costs of suit are petitioned for, and the appointment of a receiver to take possession of certain mortgaged property to manage, let receive rents, etc., during pendency of claim and until sold. The property involved lies in the Santa Ynez Valley, comprises 20,655 acres and is known as the "Laguna extension."

DOG SHOW CLOSES.

The poultry and pet stock shows has attracted increased attendance since the opening. Satisfaction is felt by the management, and congratulations are general. The dogs had become somewhat accustomed to their surroundings. Friday and yesterday trifles were noted. When I leased the oil tanks, which might settle at the bottom of the tanks. All lots owners up to that time were receiving royalty on that basis. Since that time it has been found that the oil comes in water in suspended oil tanks. The oil is to be taken out, and the water shown by gasoline test, from my royalty? The oil is sold and used as it comes from the wells. The lessees have no right to change the basis of the contract without your consent, or increasing the royalty proportionately.

M. T. M. R.—If husband and wife are parted, and they have one boy 3 years old, can the father take him if the mother is an habitual drunkard, and nothing has ever been detrimental to her character?

W. B.—Seeks a solution of the following: A enters into a contract with B to grubstake and send B up to Alaska and divide returns after getting there prospects good claims, A being entitled to 1/3 of the gross, and B to 2/3. When the work is completed, A demands 10 cents per hour for each group, or one for each location?

T. D. N.—A law changing the forms of procedure by which persons before the law was passed are not exempt from the law, and the holder applies the payment on other debts than that indicated, and the payor afterward acquires, this is a ratification of the act made by the creditor.

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M. N. T.—The debtor who owes the same amount on several claims has the right to direct verbally what amount of the debt the creditor may demand to be paid.

W. B.—Seeks a solution of the following: Through the instrumentality of man, it is not the intent of God. The elements are the means through which God acts, and "damages by the elements" are damages by the acts of God.

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City Briefs.**IN THE OIL FIELD.****LARGE BUYERS IN THE MARKET ON THE QUIET.****GROWING DEMAND DUE TO RAILWAY CONSUMPTION + MANUFACTURES ALSO WANT IT - DOINGS OF THE TRUSTEES - THE COUNCIL'S CABIN INSTRUCTIONS.**

Mile. Elise, direct from New York, will receive the ladies of Los Angeles and vicinity at her first millinery opening at her new residence, No. 125 South Broadway, near Fourth street, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 15 and 16. She brings from Paris and New York all the latest ideas of the millinery world. With a store rivaling in furnishings and design those of the average house, and with the largest and most select line of millinery novelties, Parisian round hats and bonnets ever displayed in Southern California, she assures all ladies favoring her with their attendance on her opening days, a rare treat. All are cordially invited. —N.Y. Times.

The ladies of Los Angeles and vicinity are cordially invited to be present at the opening of the new millinery store of Ferguson & Smith, on Thursday, March 15; Wednesday and Thursday opening days. No. 205 S. Broadway.

Mrs. J. M. Erdman of 323 South Spring street, having recently returned from the East, have her spring and summer millinery opening, Monday and Tuesday, March 14 and 15. Ladies invited to attend.

Mexican drawn-work sale lasts five days more. Big discounts on doilies, centers, lunch cloths. Come and see the bargains and beautiful designs. Campbell's Curio Store, 325 South Spring street.

Rand & McNally's official map of Alaska, with cover, for 25 cents at The Times counting room, or mailed to any address for the same price.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 23 South Main street.

Indian baskets, blankets and curios. Campbell's Curio Store, 325 South Spring street.

Mexican drawn work, 10 to 20 per cent discount. Campbell's Curio Store.

Dr. C. Edgar Smith, female rectal diseases. Lankershim bldg. Green 494.

Mexican wax figures made by Señor Vargas, at Campbell's Curio Store.

Burns' shoes are good shoes; 240 South Spring street.

Drawn-work sale at Campbell's.

The Board of Education will hold its regular meeting tonight.

The Executive Committee of the fiesta will hold a meeting today.

Trial of the city's suit against the Crystal Springs Water Company will be resumed tomorrow in the Superior Court.

The Rosedale Cemetery has offered facilities for the temporary interment of the remains of Gen. Rosecrans without charge.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for Mrs. Wakeman, W. O. Davis, C. Robb, Miss Flossie Pickett and Charles Freeman.

ESCALLIER'S ASSAULTANTS.

They Were Masked, and There Is No Clew to Follow.

Under Sheriff Clement and Deputy Sheriff Woodward returned yesterday afternoon from the Laguna Ranch, where they went Saturday night to investigate the robbery of Frank Escallier, proprietor of the Laguna saloon. The place is several miles beyond Manhattan Junction on the Whittier road, and is near where French Pete was murdered and his saloon burned about eighteen months ago.

When the officers arrived there they found the whole neighborhood aroused and a number of armed men were scouring the country in search of the robbers. Escallier told the officers that he and his fourteen-year-old son were sitting at a table near the saloon door about 8:30 o'clock Saturday night, when two masked men entered. As the saloon-keeper stood up, looking warily to the muzzle of a "45," and his hands went up without command. The other robber had covered the boy. The two men had brought a long rope with them, and with this they proceeded to tie Escallier to his chair, and to the railing in front of the bar. They were still tied tight when the robbers, with gags which the robbers had prepared. They dropped a third gag on the door. It had probably been intended for Escallier's keeper, who was not there at the time. The masked men then searched the place for money, and secured about \$30 from the till. The amount taken consisted of a 20-franc piece and \$10 in gold. They then took several drinks and just before leaving, one of them assaulted Escallier with a billy made of a section of rubber hose, four feet long, filled with wet sand. No serious wounds were inflicted, and after striking their victim several times with their fists, the robbers left the place.

After their departure, Escallier's son managed to get one hand free and with it he untied the rope from around his father. As soon as he was able, Escallier sent his son to a house in one direction, and he went in another to a nearby neighborhood. The Los Angeles officers were notified, but it was impossible to give them any description of the men, because of the masks they wore. The officers were unable to find the slightest clew to their identity. Escallier offers a reward of \$100 for the arrest of each of the men, and \$200 for the man who will double the amount if given an opportunity to punish them in his own way before they are jailed.

COLLISON'S MISTAKE.

Got Into the Wrong Room and Was Badly Beaten.

Fredrick Collison was brought to the Receiving Hospital yesterday afternoon with his face having more the appearance of raw beef than of a human countenance. He arrived in this city yesterday morning and went to the Palm House near the Arcade Depot in search of a friend. He was drunk and entered the room of Mrs. Steward by mistake. The woman ordered him out and he insulted her. He found the room full of loafers and remained there an hour. When he came out of the woman's male relatives were waiting for him. They demanded that he apologize and when he refused they assaulted him. When they got through with him he was not able to walk, so they threw him down stairs into the street.

Dr. Hagan dressed his wounds and he was released. His assailants were not found by the police.

BOWMAN DIED.

Took Rough-on-Rats and Was Too Weak to Recover.

Brown's Hot Air Furnace fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 125 E. Fourth.

FOR family use, for the medicine closet, for those who use whisky as a beverage, a secure special rates by addressing J. F. Steele, Bullard Block, 155 N. Main st.

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Fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 125 E. Fourth.

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WILSHIRE OSTRICH FARM.

center of city Grand-ave. cars to gates. See plumed grants.

PLUCKING THE OSTRICHES

TOMORROW at the South Pasadena farm.

IN THE OIL FIELD.**Wonderful Results**

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Repeated Cures in this Family—Inflammation of the Bowels, Liver Complaint.

"After having the measles my father was left with inflammation of the bowels, and prescriptions did not do him any good. We read about Hood's Sarsaparilla, and he began taking it and cured himself and he has no bowel complaint since that time. My brother was a sickly child and was always troubled with headaches. He has taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is now well. My mother is taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for liver complaint and it is helping her. We regard Hood's Sarsaparilla as a wonderful medicine, and recommend it to others who are suffering."

MISS MARY THURLOW, Bakersfield, Cal.

Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$3.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripes. All druggists. 25¢.

DR. FOX'S HEALTH

PURITY

HEALTH

STRENGTH

BAKING POWDER

A PURE PRODUCT OF NATURAL BAKING POWDER.

DEATH RECORD.

LOPEZ—SUNDAY, NO. 1023 AVENUE 35, EAST LOS ANGELES. JESTA LOPEZ, aged 25, a native of California, died at 1:30 p.m., Tuesday, March 12, 1898. LUCY LOPEZ, aged 33 years.

The funeral service will be held at the parlor of Kregel & Brees, corner Broadway and Sixth street, this (Monday) morning at 10 o'clock. Friends are invited. Interment Rosedale.

ROSECRANS—At the home of his son, Major William Rosecrans, U.S.A., a native of Ohio, aged 78 years.

The remains will be in state at the City Hall from Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock until noon, when they will be taken to the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Second and Main streets, where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated, commencing at 10 o'clock, Wednesday. Hence to Rosedale Cemetery, where interment will be observed.

Please send all flowers to Orr & Hines, 447 South Broadway, before 9 a.m. W. W. Jones—In Los Angeles, Cal., March 11, 1898.

Rev. H. L. Jones, aged 68 years.

The funeral service will be held at the parlor of Kregel & Brees, corner Broadway and Sixth street, tomorrow (Tuesday), at 3 p.m. The friends are invited to attend. Interment Wellsville, N. Y.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

ALLEN—The funeral services of Louis Allen will be at the residence of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Allen, 637 West Fifteenth street, on Monday at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends are respectfully invited.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. No. 215 W. First street. Tel. M. 249.

THE MILLINERY WORLD

125 SOUTH SPRING ST.

Just A Little Better.

Our selection of fine Opals is just a little better than you can find elsewhere. We would be pleased to have you see our Opals before you make your purchase.

DONAVAN & CO.,

Jewelers and Silversmiths... 245 SOUTH SPRING STREET Same store with Marshall's Optician.

GRAND OPENING MONDAY and TUESDAY, March 21 and 22.

Don't purchase your Spring Dress Hats till March 21. We will have the finest Pattern Hats in the city. French Novelties in untrimmed goods.

The Elite Millinery

249 S. Broadway.

Easier to move Money than Merchandise.

WHAT IS YOUR SIZE?

Enameline

DUSTLESS, ODOURLESS, LABOR SAVING.

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH.

Try it on Your Cycle Chain

J.L. Prescott & Co. New York.

Enameline

BRILLIANT,

ODORLESS,

LABOR SAVING.

WHAT IS YOUR SIZE?

Enameline

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